

FY 2015 DOI Economic Contributions

Total Economic Output \$3.3 billion Recreation Supported Economic Output \$2.2 billion Recreation Supported Jobs 21,390 Energy and Mineral Supported Jobs 2,899 Total Supported Jobs 26.045



Denali National Park and Preserve, AK

Economic Contributions from Alaska's National Parks

Visits 2.6 million Visitor Spending \$1.2 million Economic Output \$1.7 million Total Supported Jobs 17,590

In FY 2015, activities in Alaska on Interior-managed lands supported 21,390 jobs from recreational activities and 2,899 jobs from energy and mineral development. Total grants and payments supported about \$130 million in economic output and 1,038 jobs in FY 2015. Major contributing grant and payment programs included Sport Fish and Wildlife Restoration grants, Mineral Revenue Payments and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT).

Arizona

FY 2015 DOI Economic Contributions

Total Economic Output \$2.8 billion Recreation Supported Economic Output \$1.9 billion Recreation Supported Jobs 20,122 Energy and Mineral Supported Jobs 3,161 Total Supported Jobs 28,241



Grand Canyon National Park, AZ

Economic Contributions from Arizona's National Parks Visits 11.7 million Visitor Spending \$932.1 million Economic Output \$1.4 billion Total Supported Jobs 14,729

In FY 2015, activities in Arizona on Interior-managed lands supported 20,122 jobs from recreational activities and 3,161 jobs from energy and mineral exploitation. Total grants and payments supported about \$100 million in economic output and 870 jobs in FY 2015. Major contributing grant and payment programs included Sport Fish and Wildlife Restoration grants and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT). In sum, activities on Interior-managed land contribute to 28,241 jobs in the State.

Sources: Recreation, grant and payment numbers – U.S. Department of the Interior, Economic Report FY2015; National Park Service, National Park Visitor Spending. Effects, 2015 (https://www.nps.gov/subjects/socialscience/vse.htm).

California

FY 2015 DOI Economic Contributions

Total Economic Output \$11.6 billion Recreation Supported Economic Output \$4.0 billion Recreation Supported Jobs 37,087 Energy and Mineral Supported Jobs 33,780 Total Supported Jobs 76,889



Yosemite National Park, CA

Economic Contributions from California's National Parks Visits 38.4 million Visitor Spending \$1.8 billion Economic Output \$2.6 billion Total Supported Jobs 25,771

In FY 2015, activities in California on Interior-managed lands supported 37,087 jobs from recreational activities and 33,780 jobs from energy and mineral development. Total grants and payments supported about \$360 million in economic output and 2,302 jobs in FY 2015. Major contributing grant and payment programs included the Cooperative Endangered Species Conservation Fund, Sport Fish and Wildlife Restoration grants, Mineral Revenue Payments, and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT). In sum, activities on Interior-managed lands supported 76,889 jobs in California in FY 2015.

Colorado

FY 2015 DOI Economic Contributions

Total Economic Output \$8.2 billion Recreation Supported Economic Output \$1.5 billion Recreation Supported Jobs 14,418 Energy and Mineral Supported Jobs 22,409 Total Supported Jobs 45,212



Great Sand Dunes National Park and Preserve, CO

Economic Contributions from Colorado's National Parks

Visits 7.1 million Visitor Spending \$450.4 million Economic Output \$667.0 million Total Supported Jobs 6,937

In FY 2015, activities in Colorado on Interior-managed lands supported 14,418 jobs from recreational visits and 22,409 jobs from energy and mineral development in Colorado. Total grants and payments supported about \$310 million in economic output and 2,704 jobs in FY 2015. Major contributing programs include the Sport Fish and Wildlife Restoration grants programs, Mineral Revenue Payments, and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT). In sum, activities on Interior-managed lands supported 45,212 jobs in the State.

Sources: Recreation, grant and payment numbers – U.S. Department of the Interior, Economic Report FY2015; Case example Top photo banner credit: NASA (https://commons.wikimedia.org/wiki/File%3AGreatSandDunesNationalParkand Preserve.jpg) National Park Service, National Park Visitor Spending Effects, 2015 (https://www.nps.gov/subjects/socialscience/vse.htm).



FY 2015 DOI Economic Contributions

Total Economic Output \$1.5 billion Recreation Supported Economic Output \$440 million Recreation Supported Jobs 4,739 Energy and Mineral Supported Jobs 1,702 Total Supported Jobs 14,141



Craters of the Moon NMP, ID

Economic Contributions from Idaho's National Parks

Visits 601,777 Visitor Spending \$29.7 million Economic Output \$36.9 million Total Supported Jobs 495

In FY 2015, activities in Idaho on Interior-managed lands supported 4,739 jobs from recreational activities and 1,702 jobs from energy and mineral development. Total grants and payments supported about \$80 million in economic output and 829 jobs in FY 2015. Major contributing grant and payment programs included Sport Fish and Wildlife Restoration grants, Mineral Revenue Payments and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT). In sum, activities on Interior-managed lands support 14,141 jobs in the State.

Kentucky

FY 2015 DOI Economic Contributions

Total Economic Output \$650 million Total Recreation Visits 1.8 million Recreation Supported Jobs 1,798 Energy and Mineral Supported Jobs 2,512 Total Supported Jobs 5,163



Mammoth Cave National Park, KY

Economic Contributions from Kentucky's National Parks Visits 1.8 million Visitor Spending \$113.5 million Economic Output \$145.0 million Total Supported Jobs 1,784

In FY 2015, activities in Kentucky on Interior-managed lands supported 1,798 jobs from recreational activities and 2,512 jobs from energy and mineral development. Total grants and payments supported about \$80 million in economic activity and 744 jobs in FY 2015. Major contributing grant and payment programs included Sport Fish and Wildlife Restoration grants Abandoned Mine Land grants and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT). In sum, activities on Interior-managed lands support 5,163 jobs in Kentucky.

LOUISIANA

FY 2015 DOI Economic Contributions

Total Economic Output \$15.7 billion Recreation Supported Economic Output \$90 million Recreation Supported Jobs 932 Energy and Mineral Supported Jobs 81,905 Total Supported Jobs 83,933



Jean Lafitte National Historic Park and Preserve, LA

Economic Contributions from Louisiana's National Parks Visits 494,688 Visitor Spending \$28.3 million Economic Output \$36.7 million Total Supported Jobs 439

Louisiana sees many recreational visits to Interior lands in the State: 1.7 million visits in FY 2015, supporting about \$90 million in economic output and 932 jobs in the State's economy. The majority of Interior-related economic contributions to the State result from offshore drilling in the Gulf of Mexico: 81,905 energy and mineral-supported jobs in FY 2015. In FY 2015, total grants and payments supported about \$63.5 million in economic output and 599 jobs. Major contributing grant and payment programs included Sport Fish and Wildlife Restoration grants, Mineral Revenue Payments, and BOEM Coastal Impact Assistance.

Sources: Recreation, grant and payment numbers – U.S. Department of the Interior, Economic Report FY2015; Case example – National Park Service, National Park Visitor Spending Effects, 2015 (https://www.nps.gov/subjects/socialscience/vse.htm). Top photo banner credit: Cane River Creole NHP- <u>http://www.nps.gov/state/images/LA_CARI_2.jpg</u>

Maryland

FY 2015 DOI Economic Contributions

Total Economic Output \$1.4 billion Total Recreation Visits 6.8 million Recreation Supported Jobs 3,182 Energy and Mineral Supported Jobs 6,180 Total Supported Jobs 9,843

Economic Contributions from Maryland's National Parks

Visits 6.4 million Visitor Spending \$216.7 million Economic Output \$285.1 million Total Supported Jobs 3,032



Antietam National Battlefield, MD

In FY 2015, activities in Maryland on Interior-managed lands supported 3,182 jobs from recreational activities and 6,180 jobs from energy and mineral development. Total grants and payments supported about \$26.5 million in economic activity and 211 jobs in FY 2015. Major contributing grant and payment programs included Sport Fish and Wildlife Restoration grants and Abandoned Mine Lands grants. In sum, activities on Interiormanaged lands contribute to 9,843 jobs in the State.

Minnesota

FY 2015 DOI Economic Contributions

Total Economic Output \$740 million Total Recreation Visits 2.4 million Recreation Supported Jobs 1,554 Energy and Mineral Supported Jobs 2,397 Total Supported Jobs 4,957



Voyageurs National Park, MN

Economic Contributions from Minnesota's National Parks Visits 840,009 Visitor Spending \$47.3 million Economic Output \$67.0 million Total Supported Jobs 763

In FY 2015, activities in Minnesota on Interior-managed lands supported 1,554 jobs from recreational activities and 2,397 jobs from energy and mineral development. Total grants and payments supported about \$80 million in economic activity and 649 jobs in FY 2015. Major contributing grant and payment programs included Sport Fish and Wildlife Restoration grants, the Historic Preservation Fund and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT). In sum, activities on Interior-managed lands support 4,957 jobs in Minnesota.

Sources: Recreation, grant and payment numbers – U.S. Department of the Interior, Economic Report FY2015; Case example – National Park Service, National Park Visitor Spending Effects, 2015 (https://www.nps.gov/subjects/socialscience/vse.htm).

Mississippi

FY 2015 DOI Economic Contributions

Total Economic Output \$3.9 billion Total Recreation Visits 6.7 million Recreation Supported Jobs 2,923 Energy and Mineral Supported Jobs 24,273 Total Supported Jobs 27,648



Vicksburg National Military Park, MS

Economic Contributions from Mississippi's National Parks Visits 6.4 million Visitor Spending \$194.2 million Economic Output \$205.7 million Total Supported Jobs 2,795

In FY 2015, activities in Mississippi on Interior-managed lands supported 2,984 jobs from recreational activities and 24,273 jobs from energy and mineral development. Total grants and payments supported about \$30 million in economic activity and 308 jobs in FY 2015. Major contributing grant and payment programs included Sport Fish and Wildlife Restoration grants, Mineral Revenue Payments and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT). In sum, activities on Interiormanaged lands supported 27,648 jobs in Mississippi in FY 2015.

Sources: Recreation, grant and payment numbers – U.S. Department of the Interior, Economic Report FY2015; Case example – National Park Service, National Park Visitor Spending Effects, 2015 (https://www.nps.gov/subjects/socialscience/vse.htm). Top photo banner credit: Natchez Trace Parkway- http://www.nps.gov/state/ms/index.htm

Montana

FY 2015 DOI Economic Contributions

Total Economic Output \$2.9 billion Total Recreation Visits 13.0 million Recreation Supported Jobs 14,905 Energy and Mineral Supported Jobs 4,227 Total Supported Jobs 24,735



Glacier National Park, MT

Economic Contributions from Montana's National Parks Visits 5.0 million Visitor Spending \$478.3 million Economic Output \$664.5 million Total Supported Jobs 8,338

In FY 2015, activities in Montana on Interiormanaged lands supported 14,905 jobs from recreational activities and 4,227 jobs from energy and mineral development. Total grants and payments supported about \$150 million in economic output and 1,526 jobs in FY 2015. Major contributing grant and payment programs included Abandoned Mine Lands grants, the Cooperative Endangered Species Conservation (CESC) Fund, Sport Fish and Wildlife Restoration grants, Mineral Revenue Payments, and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT). In sum, activities on Interior-managed lands supported 24,735 jobs in Montana in FY 2015.

Sources: Recreation, grant and payment numbers – U.S. Department of the Interior, Economic Report FY2015; National Park Service, National Park Visitor Spending Effects, 2015 (https://www.nps.gov/subjects/socialscience/vse.htm). Bottom photo credit: NPS Glacier (http://americasgreatoutdoors.tumblr.com/image/ 46941939742). Top photo banner credit: Glacier National Park (http://americasgreatoutdoors.tumblr.com/image/52549426618).

Nevada

FY 2015 DOI Economic Contributions

Total Economic Output \$6.2 billion Total Recreation Visits 14.3 million Recreation Supported Jobs 7,896 Energy and Mineral Supported Jobs 17,206 Total Supported Jobs 29,626



Great Basin National Park, NV

Economic Contributions from Nevada's National Parks

Visits 5.6 million Visitor Spending \$239.9 million Economic Output \$287.1 million Total Supported Jobs 3,103

In FY 2015, activities in Nevada on Interior-managed lands supported 7,896 jobs from recreational activities and 17,206 jobs from energy and mineral development. Total grants and payments supported about \$70 million in economic output and 555 jobs in FY 2015. Major contributing grant and payment programs included Sport Fish and Wildlife Restoration grants, Mineral Revenue Payments and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT). In sum, activities on Interior-managed lands supported 29,626 jobs in the State.

Sources: Recreation, grant and payment numbers – U.S. Department of the Interior, Economic Report FY2015; Case example – National Park Service, National Park Visitor Spending Effects, 2015 (https://www.nps.gov/subjects/socialscience/vse.htm). Top photo banner credit: Red Rock Canyon https://americasgreatoutdoors.tumblr.com/image/50092199811.



FY 2015 DOI Economic Contributions

Total Economic Output \$13.6 billion Total Recreation Visits 6.8 million Recreation Supported Jobs 4,223 Energy and Mineral Supported Jobs 43,494 Total Supported Jobs 64,436

Economic Contributions from New Mexico's National Parks

Visits 1.7 million Visitor Spending \$97.5 million Economic Output \$118.8 million Total Supported Jobs 1,528



Carlsbad Caverns National Park, NM

In FY 2015, activities on Interior-managed lands in New Mexico supported 4,223 jobs from recreational activities and 43,494 jobs from energy and mineral development. Total grants and payments supported about \$690 million in economic output and 7,162 jobs in FY 2015. Major contributing grant and payment programs included Sport Fish and Wildlife Restoration grants, Mineral Revenue Payments and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT). In sum, activities on Interior-managed lands supported 64,436 jobs in the State.

Sources: Recreation, grant and payment numbers – U.S. Department of the Interior, Economic Report FY2015; National Park Service, National Park Visitor Spending Effects, 2015 (https://www.nps.gov/subjects/socialscience/vse.htm).Top photo banner credit: Trent Rock Mountains http://www.fws.gov/southwest/es/NewMexico /images/splash_1.jpg

New York

FY 2015 DOI Economic Contributions

Total Economic Output \$2.2 billion Total Recreation Visits 16.9 million Recreation Supported Jobs 7,487 Energy and Mineral Supported Jobs 7,305 Total Supported Jobs 15,475



Saratoga National Historical Park, NY

Economic Contributions from New York's National Parks Visits 16.3 million Visitor Spending \$608.7 million Economic Output \$742.7 million Total Supported Jobs 7,289

In FY 2015, activities in New York on Interior-managed lands supported 7,487 jobs from recreational activities and 7,305 jobs from energy and mineral development. Total grants and payments supported about \$50 million in economic activity and 348 jobs in FY 2015. Major contributing grant and payment programs included Sport Fish and Wildlife Restoration grants, State and Tribal Wildlife Grants, and LWCF State Grants. In sum, activities on Interior-managed lands supported 15,475 jobs in New York in FY 2015.

Sources: Recreation, grant and payment numbers – U.S. Department of the Interior, Economic Report FY2015; Case example – National Park Service, National Park Visitor Spending Effects, 2015 (https://www.nps.gov/subjects/socialscience/vse.htm). Top photo banner credit: Statue of Liberty National Monument -http://www.nps.gov/state/ny/index.htm

North Carolina Mark

FY 2015 DOI Economic Contributions

Total Economic Output \$2.8 billion Total Recreation Visits 19.7 million Recreation Supported Jobs 20,923 Energy and Mineral Supported Jobs 6,006 Total Supported Jobs 27,706



Cape Lookout National Seashore, NC

Economic Contributions from New York's National Parks

Visits 17.8 million Visitor Spending \$1.2 million Economic Output \$1.7 million Total Supported Jobs 19,984

In FY 2015, about 19.7 million visits were made to Interior-managed sites in North Carolina, supporting \$1.8 billion in output and 20,923 jobs in the State. Total grants and payments supported about \$56 million in economic output and 524 jobs. Major contributing grant and payment programs included Sport Fish and Wildlife Restoration grants and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT). In sum, activities on Interior-managed lands supported 27,706 jobs in North Carolina in FY 2015.

Sources: Recreation, grant and payment numbers – U.S. Department of the Interior, Economic Report FY2015; Case example – National Park Service, National Park Visitor Spending Effects, 2015 (https://www.nps.gov/subjects/socialscience/vse.htm). Top banner photo credit: Cape Hatteras National Seashore- http://americasgreatoutdoors.tumblr.com/image/52067810293.

Oregon

FY 2015 DOI Economic Contributions

Total Economic Output \$2.6 billion Total Recreation Visits 16.6 million Recreation Supported Jobs 12,178 Energy and Mineral Supported Jobs 1,441 Grazing and Timber Supported Jobs 7,961 Total Supported Jobs 23,359



Crater Lake National Park, OR

Economic Contributions from Oregon's National Parks

Visits 1.2 million Visitor Spending \$81.4 million Economic Output \$114.7 million Total Supported Jobs 1,379

Oregon benefits significantly from Federally-managed natural resources and from recreational visits to Federal lands. In FY 2015, there were 16.6 million visits to Interior-managed sites in Oregon. Those visits contributed \$1.1 billion dollars in output and supported 12,178 jobs. Total grants and payments supported about \$72 million in economic output and 634 jobs in FY 2015. Major contributing grant and payment programs included Sport Fish and Wildlife Restoration grants and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT).

Sources: Recreation, grant and payment numbers – U.S. Department of the Interior, Economic Report FY2015; Case example – National Park Service, National Park Visitor Spending Effects, 2015(https: //www.nps.gov /subjects/ socialscience/vse.htm). Top photo banner credit: Oregon Islands National Wildlife Refuge http://americasgreatoutdoors. tumblr.com/image/24416045698.

South Carolina

FY 2015 DOI Economic Contributions

Total Economic Output \$574 million Total Recreation Visits 2.6 million Recreation Supported Jobs 1,836 Energy and Mineral Supported Jobs 2,373 Total Supported Jobs 4,575

Economic Contributions from South Carolina's National Parks

Visits 1.5 million Visitor Spending \$82.9 million Economic Output \$105.9 million Total Supported Jobs 1,297



Fort Sumter National Monument, SC

In FY 2015, 2.6 million visits to Interiormanaged sites in South Carolina supported about \$155 million dollars in output and 1,836 jobs in the State. Total grants and payments supported about \$30 million and 288 jobs in FY2015. Major contributing grants programs included Sport Fish and Wildlife Restoration grants. In sum, activities on Interior-managed lands supported 4,575 jobs in the State.

Sources: Recreation, grant and payment numbers – U.S. Department of the Interior, Economic Report FY2015; Case example – National Park Service, National Park Visitor Spending Effects, 2015 (https://www.nps.gov/subjects/socialscience/vse.htm). Top photo banner credit: Cape Romain National Wildlife Refuge http://americasgreatout doors.tumblr.com/image/36814208279.

Tennessee

FY 2015 DOI Economic Contributions

Total Economic Output \$1.35 billion Total Recreation Visits 9.8 million Recreation Supported Jobs 9,800 Energy and Mineral Supported Jobs 2,208 Total Supported Jobs 12,828 Economic Contributions from South Carolina's National Parks Visits 8.8 million Visitor Spending \$608.5 million Economic Output \$840.4 million Total Supported Jobs 9,441



Shiloh National Military Park, TN

In FY 2015, activities in Tennessee on Interior-managed lands supported 9,800 jobs from recreational activities and 2,208 jobs from energy and mineral development on DOI-managed lands in Tennessee. Total grants and payments supported about \$63 million in economic activity and 586 jobs in FY2015. Major contributing programs include the Sport Fish and Wildlife Restoration grants program. In sum, activities on Interiormanaged lands supported 12,828 jobs in the State.

Sources: Recreation, grant and payment numbers – U.S. Department of the Interior, Economic Report FY2015; National Park Service, National Park Visitor Spending Effects, 2015 (https://www.nps.gov/subjects/socialscience/vse.htm). Top photo banner credit: The Great Smoky Mountains NP- (http://americasgreat outdoors.tumblr.com/image/52303939144)

Washington

FY 2015 DOI Economic Contributions

Total Economic Output \$1.7 billion Total Recreation Visits 9.9 million Recreation Supported Jobs 7,415 Energy and Mineral Supported Jobs 4,393 Total Supported Jobs 13,747



Mount Rainier National Park, WA

Economic Contributions from Washington's National Parks

Visits 7.7 million Visitor Spending \$470.1 million Economic Output \$631.7 million Total Supported Jobs 6,364

In FY 2015, activities in Washington state on Interior-managed lands supported 7,415 jobs from recreational activities and 4,393 jobs from energy and mineral exploitation. Total grants and payments supported over \$92 million in economic activity and 680 jobs in FY2015. Major contributing grant and payment programs included CESCF, Sport Fish and Wildlife Restoration grants and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT). In sum, activities on Interior-managed lands supported about 13,747 jobs in the State.

Sources: Recreation, grant and payment numbers – U.S. Department of the Interior, Economic Report FY2015; Case example – National Park Service, National Park Visitor Spending Effects, 2015 (https://www.nps.gov/subjects/socialscience/vse.htm). Top photo banner credit: Mount Rainier- http://americasgreatoutdoors.tumblr.com/image/52947260139.

Wyoming

FY 2015 DOI Economic Contributions

Total Economic Output \$19.6 billion Total Recreation Visits 12.1 million Recreation Supported Jobs 16,250 Energy and Mineral Supported Jobs 40,037 Total Supported Jobs 71,428



Grand Teton National Park, WY

Economic Contributions from Wyoming's National Parks Visits

7.3 million
Visitor Spending
\$890.2 million
Economic Output
\$1.1 billion
Total Supported Jobs
12,751

Wyoming benefits from federally managed natural resources and from recreational visits to Federal lands. In FY 2015, 12.1 million visits to Interior-managed sites in Wyoming supported \$1.5 billion in output and 16,250 jobs in the State. Energy and mineral-related activities supported \$16.59 billion in economic output and 40,037, mostly from onshore oil, gas, coal, and non-metallic minerals. Total grants and payments supported \$1.1 billion in output and 11,345 jobs in FY 2015. Major contributing grant and payment programs included Abandoned Mine Land grants (AML), Mineral Revenue Payments, and Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILT). In sum, Interior activities supported 71,428 jobs in Wyoming.

Sources: Recreation, grant and payment numbers – U.S. Department of the Interior, Economic Report FY2015; Case example – National Park Service, National Park Visitor Spending Effects, 2015 (https://www.nps.gov/subjects/socialscience/vse.htm). Top photo banner credit: Grand Teton NP- http://americasgreatoutdoors.tumblr.com/image/38310454468